

Prof. Rajendra Singh (Rajju Bhaiya) University, Prayagraj (Formerly: Allahabad State University)

(Uttar Pradesh State University)

Master of Arts

CBCS Syllabus

ANCIENT HISTORY, CULTURE & ARCHAEOLOGY

(UNDER CBCS FRAMEWORK WITH EFFECT FROM 2021-22 Onwards)

(Approved by Board of Studies on 13.06.2021 and Academic Council on 30.07.2021)

{History is the analysis and interpretation of the human past enabling us to study continuity and changes that are taking place over time. It is an act of both investigation and imagination that seeks to explain how people have changed over time. Historians use all forms of evidence to examine, interpret, revisit, and reinterpret the past. These include not just written documents, but also oral communication and objects such as buildings, artifacts, photographs, and paintings. Historians are trained in the methods of discovering and evaluating these sources and the challenging task of making historical sense out of them. History is a means to understand the past and present. The different interpretations of the past allow us to see the present differently and therefore imagine—and work towards—different futures. It is often said to be the "queen" or "mother" of the social sciences. It is the basis of all subjects of study which fall under the category of Humanities and Social Sciences. It is also the basis of the study of philosophy, politics, economics and even art and religion. No wonder, it is considered an indispensable subject in the complete education of man.}

Department of Ancient History, Culture & Archaeology

Prof. Rajendra Singh (Rajju Bhaiya) University, Mirzapur Road, Naini, Prayagraj-211010 www.prsuniv.ac.in

Ordinance of Programme

FACULTY OF ARTS

Programme: Master of Arts

Programme Nature: Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)

Subject Title: Ancient History, Culture & Archaeology

Subject Code: AHC

Total Seats: 50 (Fifty)

Objectives:

Eligibility: Graduation with 50% (5% Relaxation for SC/ST/OBC-NCL, DISABLED)

Age Limit: As decided by University

Admission Procedure: Common Admission Procedure (CAP)

Programme Duration: Four Semester (Two Years)

Fee Structure: As Decided by University

Programme Outcomes (POs):

- This course provides the basic ideas and concepts of History and Historical development of Humanity.
- ❖ The program has been designed to develop historical outlook to resolve the day to day life struggles in the society and nation.
- Designed to enhance the capacity of students to understand universal and domain-specific values in Ancient History, Culture and Archaeology.
- This course intends to orient the learner with the Approaches to the broader discipline of History.
- Develop the ability to address the complexities and interface among of self, societal, national and International priorities.
- Promote research, innovation and design (Map and Atlas) development favoring all the disciplines in History and Archaeology.
- This programme develops scientific and practical approach among the students which helps in their day to day life.
- ❖ It will help in developing analytical and critical thinking based on the themes and issues of History.
- ❖ It will help in understanding of the basic concepts of History and Archaeology and an awareness of the emerging areas of the field.
- * Acquisition of in-depth understanding of the applied aspects of History as well as interdisciplinary



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subjects in everyday life. .

- ❖ The programme orients students with traditional historical knowledge along with advance contemporary skills like role of GPS, SPSS, Remote Sensing, Carbon Dating and GIS in the field of History and archaeology.
- ❖ Improvement of critical thinking and skills facilitating.
- Inculcate generic and subject-specific skills to succeed in the employment market and standards of life.
 Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs):

At the end of program following outcomes are expected from students:

- Learn about the discipline of History as a holistic field of study covering multiple facets and requirements of human beings in day to day living, for example, achievement of appropriate milestones in personal development; awareness, need and use of historical resources; access to adequate knowledge system for wholesome development; historical fundamentals.
- May have capabilities to start earning by enhancing their skills in the field of Historical and Traditional knowledge system, Tourism, Archives and Museums.
- > Develop historical outlook to resolve the day to day life struggles in the society and nations.
- > Develop sensitivity, resourcefulness, and competence to render service to enhance development of individuals, families, communities, and the nation at large.
- Enhance abilities involved in acting as proactive agents of change in promoting the discipline of SocialSciences.
- > Explore and decide upon viable avenues of self-employment and entrepreneurship.
- Learn more about human and community & relationship.
- Appreciate and benefit from the symbiotic relationship among the core disciplines of History Social History, Economic History, Political History, Cultural History of India and the World.
- Programme is designed to encourage Ethical and Environmental values for sustainable development in the society.
- > Programme is designed to encourage a genre of responsible students with a passion for lifelong learning and entrepreneurship, it also generate multi-skilled leaders with a holistic perspective that cuts across disciplines.
- Promote research, innovation and design (map and atlas) development favoring all the disciplines in History.
- > Enhance digital literacy and apply them to engage in real time problem solving and ideation related to all fields of History.
- After this degree programme students can be benefitted by getting jobs in various fields like government sector, working with NGOs, jobs as a journalist, Tourism Manager etc. and also they can feel the sense of entrepreneurship as well.



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EXAMINATION SYSTEM

(As per Examination Guidelines issued by University on 13 Oct., 2021)

1. Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

- प्रत्येक सत्र (वार्षिक/सेमेस्टर) के दौरान सतत आंतरिक मूल्यांकन तीन अवसरों पर किया जाएगा। प्रत्येक आंतरिक मूल्यांकन का पूर्णांक 12.5 अंक एवं अधिकतम कालाविध एक घण्टे की होगी।
- सैद्धांतिक विषयों में इन तीन आंतरिक मूल्यांकन में से कम से कम दो आन्तरिक मूल्यांकन लिखित परीक्षण एवं तीसरा आन्तरिक मूल्यांकन लिखित/ सेमिनार/असाइनमेंट/ प्रस्तुतीकरण आदि के रूप में होगा। लिखित परीक्षा वर्णनात्मक प्रकार की होगी।
- तीन आन्तरिक मूल्यांकन में से दो सर्वश्रेष्ठ प्राप्तांकों को वाह्य मूल्यांकन (विश्वविद्यालय परीक्षा) में पाये गए प्राप्तांकों के साथ जोड़ा जाएगा।
- प्रत्येक विद्यार्थी को कम से कम दो आन्तरिक मूल्यांकन एवं वाह्य परीक्षा में सिम्मिलित होना अनिवार्य है अन्यथा उस प्रश्नपत्र में विद्यार्थी को अनुपस्थित मानकर AB ग्रेड दिया जाएगा अर्थात विद्यार्थी को तीन आन्तरिक मूल्यांकन में से कम से कम दो आन्तरिक मूल्यांकन में उपस्थित होना अनिवार्य होगा नहीं तो वह वाह्य परीक्षा हेतु पात्र नहीं होगा एवं विद्यार्थी को उस प्रश्नपत्र में अनुपस्थित माना जाएगा।
- लघु शोध प्रबन्ध, मुख्य पिरयोजना, इंटर्निशिप एवं मौखिकी आदि में सतत आन्तिरिक मूल्यांकन नहीं होगा एवं इनकी परीक्षा दो परीक्षकों द्वारा संपन्न कराई जाएगी।
- सतत आन्तरिक मृल्यांकन उसी शिक्षक द्वारा किया जाएगा जो उस सत्र में उस प्रश्नपत्र का अध्यापन कार्य कर रहा है।
- सतत आन्तरिक मूल्यांकन हेतु प्रश्नपत्र का निर्माण एवं सम्बंधित उत्तर पुस्तिकाओं का मूल्यांकन, उस प्रश्नपत्र का अध्यापन कार्य करने वाले शिक्षक द्वारा ही किया जाएगा।

10	Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) – 25 Marks				
0 17 45	Tentative Inter	MAXIMUM MARKS			
Sessional Test/Exam	Ist and Illrd Semester	lind and IVth Semester	(MM-25 Marks)		
Int. Test-1*	Third week of September	Third week of January	12.5 Marks		
Int. Test-2*	Third week of October	Third week of February	12.5 Marks		
Int. Test-3*	Third week of November	Third week of March	12.5 Marks		
Vote: *Best of the two to	est's marks <mark>will be posted i</mark> n tl	he gr <mark>ade</mark> sh <mark>e</mark> et.	Total Marks: 25		

2. End Term Examination (ETE)/University Examination:

- वाह्य मूल्यांकन (विश्वविद्यालय परीक्षा) विश्वविद्यालय द्वारा सत्र (वार्षिक/सेमेस्टर) के अंत में संपन्न कराई जाएगी।
- लिखित एवं प्रायोगिक वाह्य मुल्यांकन (विश्वविद्यालय परीक्षा) 75 अंको की होगी।
- लिखित परीक्षा की कालावधि 2 घण्टे एवं शब्द सीमा अधिकतम 2000 की होगी।
- लिखित परीक्षा के प्रश्नपत्र सम्पूर्ण पाठ्यक्रम को समाहित करते हुए बनाये जायेंगे। जिसमें अतिलघुउत्तरीय, लघुउत्तरीय एवं दीर्घउत्तरीय प्रकार के प्रश्न होंगे और प्रश्नपत्र में प्रश्नों के उपयुक्त विकल्प दिए जायेंगे। विद्यार्थी को निम्नलिखित संख्या में प्रश्नों को हल करना अनिवार्य होगा :-

प्रश्नों के प्रकार	प्रश्नों की संख्या	कुल अंक	शब्द सीमा
अतिलघुउत्तरीय प्रश्न	03	03 X 03 = 09	50 शब्द
लघुउत्तरीय प्रश्न	04	04 X 09 = 36	200 शब्द
दीर्घउत्तरीय प्रश्न	02	02 X 15 = 30	500 शब्द
कुल योग	09	75	अधिकतम 2000

- सभी अनिवार्य सह-पाठ्यक्रम विषय की परीक्षा बहु-विकल्पीय आधार पर होगी। इसमें भी सतत आन्तरिक मूल्यांकन नहीं होगा।
- सह-पाठ्यक्रम विषय की परीक्षा एवं तृतीय वर्ष में लघु शोध परियोजना मात्र Qualifying प्रकार की होगी।
- विद्यार्थी कुल 60 प्रतिशत क्रेडिट अर्जित करने के पश्चात ही अगले वर्ष/सेमेस्टर में प्रोन्नत किया जाएगा। 60 प्रतिशत से कम क्रेडिट प्राप्तांको
 की दशा में विद्यार्थी को पुनः अगले सत्र में उसी वर्ष/सेमेस्टर में प्रवेश लेकर अध्ययन करना होगा।

नोट : विस्तृत जानकारी हेतु वेबसाइट में उपलब्ध परीक्षा से सम्बन्धित दिशानिर्देशों का अवलोकन करें। परीक्षा से सम्बन्धित दिशानिर्देश डाउनलोड करने के लिए लिंक https://www.prsuniv.ac.in/Syllabus2122/Note1.pdf पर क्लिक करें।



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Programme Structures (PSs) and detailed Syllabus:

COURSE STRUCTURE WITH MARKS DISTRIBUTION MONSOON (SPRING) SEMESTER

M.A. Semester - I

Course Code		Canada Nama	E (1	Maximum Credits		
		Course Name	Inte	rnal	Ext.	(24)
			CIE	P	ETE	
AHC-501	Core	Aspects of Ancient Indian Culture (Political, Social and Economic Institutions)	25	-	75	5 Credits
AHC-502	Core	Political History of Ancient India (from 6 th Century B.C. to C. 185 B.C.)	25	1	75	5 Credits
AHC-503	Core	Indian Paleography	25	30	75	5 Credits
AHC-504	Core	Archaeological Theories	25	18	75	5 Credits
AHC-531	Core	Field Work & Report Writing	-	100	41	4 Credits

	Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) (M.A. Semester-I)			
Sessional Test/Exam	Tentative Test Schedule	Maximum Marks (MM-25 Marks)		
Int. Test-1*	Third week of September	12.5 Marks		
Int. Test-2*	Third week of October	12.5 Marks		
Int. Test-3*	Third week of November *Best of the two test's marks will be posted in the grade sheet	12.5 Marks		
End Semester	First/Second Week of December	/		



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M.A. Semester-I

Course Code: AHC 501 (Core) <u>Aspects of Ancient Indian Culture</u> (Political, Social and Economic Institutions)

MM-100 Credits-05

UNIT-I: Introduction to Ancient Indian Culture

- a) The main characteristics of Ancient Indian Culture
- b) Methods and approaches to the study of Indian culture: Imperialist, Nationalist, Marxist

UNIT-II: Political Ideas and Institutions

- a) Origin, nature and functions of state
- b) Republics
- c) Monarchy and its feudal transformations

UNIT-III: Social Institutions

- a) Varna-caste system-origin and evolution
- b) Ashram system-nature and social significance
- c) Purusartha & Hindu Sanskaras

UNIT-IV: Social Institutions

- a) Position of women- their abilities and disabilities, proprietary rights and right to education
- b) Education system and educational Institutions: Taxilla, Nalanda, Vikramshila

UNIT-V: Economic Institutions

- a) Guilds: their organization, functions and their role in social and economic life
- b) Varta: Meaning and Significance, Agriculture and cattle rearing
- c) Trade and commerce

Allchins B. and F.R.	- Rise of Civilization in India and Pakistan			
Altekar, A.S.	- State and Government in Ancient India			
	-Position of Women in Hindu Civilization			
Aurobindo	- Foundations of Indian Culture			
Basham, A.L.	- The Wonder that was India.			
	-A Cultural History of India (ed)			
Gopal, Lallanji	- Th <mark>e Economic Lis</mark> t of Northern India			
Geeta Devi	- Prachin Bharat Mein ShikshaVyavastha			
Hiriyanna, M.	- Concept of Indian Values			
1 3	-Outlines of Indian Philosophy			
Gupta, Shiv Kumar	- Bharatiya Chintan Ka Itihas			
Kosambi, D.D.	- The Culture and Civilization of Ancient India in Historical Outline			
Majumdar, R.C.	- Corporate Life in Ancient India			
Mishra, Jaishankar	- Prachin Bharat Ka SamajikItihas	Prachin Bharat Ka Samajikltihas		
Mishra, S.M.	- Prachin Bharat Ka Arthikaltihas	Prachin Bharat Ka Arthikaltihas		
Ojha, A.P.	- Prachin Bharat Mein SamajikaStarikarana			
Pande, G.C.	- Foundations of Indian Culture-Meaning and Process of Culture.			
Pandey, R.B.	- Hindu Samskaras			
Prabhu, P.H.	- Hindu Social Organizations			
Sharma, R.S.	- Aspects of Political Ideas and Institutions in Ancient India (Hindi Tr.)			
	-Sudras in Ancient India (Hindi Tr.)			
	-Material Culture and Social Formations in Ancient India (Hindi Tr.)			
Thapar, Romila	- Cultural Pasts: Essays in Early Indian History			
Thapalyal, K.K.	- Guilds in Ancient India.			
Tripathi, R.P.	- Studies in Political and Socio-Economic History of Early India.			
Yadava, B.N.S.	- Society and Culture in Northern India in the Twelfth Century A.D.			



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M.A. Semester-I Course Code: AHC-502(Core) <u>Political History of Ancient India</u> (From 6th Century B.C. to C. 185 B.C.)

MM-100 Credits-05

UNIT-I Sources

- a) Literary Sources: Indigenous and Foreign
- **b)** Epigraphy as a source of Political History
- c) Numismatics as a source of Political History

UNIT-II Beginnings of Historical Age

- a) Role of Buddhism and Jainism in the formation of kingship and state
- b) Political formation and second urbanization
- c) Mahajanapadas-Monarchical and republican states of sixth century B.C.

UNIT-III Pre-Mauryan Period

- a) Persian invasion and its impact
- b) Rise of Magadha from Bimbisara to the Nandas
- c) Origin of the Nandas and achievements of Mahapadmananda
- d) Macedonian invasion and its impact

UNIT-IV Mauryan Period

- a) Origin of Mauryas, achievements of Chandragupta Maurya and Bindusara
- b) Ahoka: Extent of empire, Dhamma and its propagation and estimate
- c) Mauryan administration
- d) Decline of the Mauryas

UNIT-V Inscriptions Prescribed for Epigraphic Study-Inscriptions of Asoka:

Bhabru Edict
Thirteenth Rock Edict
Seventh Pillar Edict
Minor Rock-Edict-I
Girnar Rock Edict

Bhandarkar, D.R.		Asoka
Jha, D.N. &Shrimali, K.M.	-	Prachin Bharat Ka Itihasa
JayarajBhoy	-	Alexander's Invasion and its Impact
Mookerjee, R.K.	-	Chandragupta Maurya and His Times
Majumdar, R.C	1	Age of Imperial Unity
Narain, A.K.	7	The Indo-Greeks
Negi, J.S.	1	Groundwork of Ancient Indian History
Pandey, R.N.	1	PrachinBharata Ka Rajanitikaltihasa
Rapson, E.J. (Ed.)	-	Cambridge History of India-Vol1
Raychaudhuri, H.C.	-	Political History of Ancient India
Shastri, K.A.N. (Ed.)	-	Age of the Nandas and Mauryas
Sircar, D.C.	-	Select Inscriptions (IInd Ed.)
Sharma, G.R.	-	Reh Inscription of Menander and the Indo-Greek Invasion of the Ganga Valley.
Thapar, Romila	-	Asoka and Decline of the Mauryas



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M.A. Semester-I Course Code: AHC-503(Core) Indian Palaeography

MM-100 Credits-05

UNIT-I

a) Inscriptions for Transliteration

- i. Rumindei
- ii. Girnar (First six lines) (Asokan edict)
- iii. Reh Inscription
- iv. Ayagapatta Inscription of Kausambi
- v. Ayodhya Inscription of Dhanadeva
- vi. Mehrauli Iron Pillar Inscription vii.
- vii. Gandhakuti Lotus Lamp Inscription from Kausambi

b)Translation from Devanagari to Brahmi of the given period (Maurya, Kushana, Gupta)

UNIT-II

Origin and Antiquity of Writing in India

- a) Indus Script- its nature, problem of its decipherment
- **b)** Kharosthi Script Orig<mark>in</mark> and Development

UNIT-III

Development of Brahmi through different phases

- a) Origin and antiquity of Brahmi Script
- b) Features of Mauryan Brahmi
- c) Brahmi of Sunga Satvahana inscriptions

UNIT-IV

Development of Brahmi through different phases

- a) Brahmi of Saka-Kshatrapa inscriptions
- b) Brahmi of the Kushana inscriptions

UNIT-V

Gupta and Post-Gupta Brahmi

- a) Brahmi of the Gupta period
- **b)** Development of Brahmi from Kutila to Nagari script
- c) Beginning of the Southern alphabets

Aiyangar, S.K.		The Historical Inscriptions of South India
Buhler, J.G.	-	Indian Palaeography
Burnell, A.C.	141	Elements of South Indian Palaeography
Dani, A.H.	-	Indian Palaeography
Ojha, G.H.	-	PrachinBhartiyaLipimala
Pandey, R.B.	-	Indian Palaeography, Part I
Sircar, D.C.	-	Select Inscriptions 2 Vols
Sharma, G.R.	-	Reh Inscription and Indo-Greek Invasion of the Ganga Valley
Upasak, C.S.	-	The History and Palaeography of Mauryan Brahmi
Verma, T. P.	-	Palaeography of Brahmi Script in North India
Roy, S.N.	-	BhartiyaPuralipi Evam Abhilekh



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M.A. Semester-I Course Code: AHC-504 (Core) Archaeological Theories

MM-100 Credits-5

UNIT-I Ethnographical and Archaeological Perspective

- a) Archaeology, Ethnography and other allied disciplines-Definition and relationship with allied disciplines.
- b) The goals of archeological inquiry: archaeological context and evidence
- c) Archaeological analysis, description & reconstruction
- d) Archaeological explanation Evaluation.

UNIT-II Basic Unit of Archaeological Inquiry

- a) Artifacts: Kinds of artifacts & technology
- b) Sites: Kinds of sites-geomorphological and functional
- c) Archaeological context: space and time
- d) Classification & nomenclature of archeological cultures and artifacts
- e) Interface between science and archaeology

UNIT-III Environmental Studies

- a) Geomorphology and archaeology
- b) Pleistocene Stratigraphy& Chronology
- c) The succession of climatic phases during the Pleistocene and Holocene
- d) Time scales: geological, anthropological and archaeological
- e) Valley Formation: Glaciers & glacial formations, River Valleys, terraces and sections.

UNIT-IV Human Evolution

- a) Hominids and Hominins
- b) Evolution of Homo Sapience
- c) Bio-evolution & Cultural Development

UNIT-V Reconstruction of Paleoenvironment

- a) Faunal Study
- b) Floral Study
- c) Geophysics
- d) Geochemistry

Books Recommended:		7-6
Atkinson, R.J.C.	-	Field Archaeology (revised ed.), London
Allchin,B	-	Living Traditions: Studies in Ethno-Archeology of South Asia
Binford, L.R.		New Perspective in Archaeology
Brothwell, D.r.	-	Science in Archaeology (revised), London
Butzer, K.W.	1	Envir <mark>onm</mark> en <mark>t and Archaeo</mark> logy
Chakrabarti, D.K.		A History o <mark>f Indian Archaeology from</mark> Be <mark>ginning to 1947</mark>
Clarke, D.L.		Analytical Archaeology <mark>, L</mark> ondon, New York
Clark. Grahme	1	Archaeology and Society, London
Clark. W.Legros	1	The Fossil Evid <mark>e</mark> nce of H <mark>u</mark> man E <mark>v</mark> olution, Chicago
Cookson, M.B.	28	Photography for Arche <mark>o</mark> logy, London
Crawford. O.G.S.	(1)	Archaeology in the Field (7 th ed.), New York
Flint, R.F.		Glacial Geology and the Pleistocene Epoch (4 th revised ed.), New York
Hole, F. and Hetzer R.		An Introduction to Prehistoric Archaeology (3 rd ed.), New York
Kenyon, K.M.	-	Beginnings in Archaeology, New York
Leakey, L.B.S.	-	Adam's AHCestors (4th ed.), New York
Michaeal, H. Dray	-	Guide to Fossil Man, (3 rd revised ed.), New York
Oakley, K.P.	-	Man the Tool Maker (4 th ed.) London
Pandey, J.N.	-	Puratattva Vimarsh(Hindi)
Piggott, S.	-	Approaches to Archaeology, Cambridge
Renfrew, Colin	-	1. Approaches to Social Archaeology 2. Theories, Methods and Practice
Sankalia, H.D.	-	Stone Age Tools: Their Techniques, Names and Functions
Varma, R.K.	-	Bhartiya Pragitihas (Methods and Techniques), Allahabad , Kshetriya Puratattva
Wheeler, R.E.M.	-	Archaeology from the Earth, Baltimore
Zeuner, F.E.	-	The Pleistocene Period, Its Climate, Chronology and Faunal succession, London



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M.A. Semester-I Course Code: AHC-531 (Core)

Field Work & Report Writing

CREDITS-4 MM-100

Course Objective:

Majority of the primary sources in Archaeology are collected through field survey and excavations. Study Tours/ Field trips provide opportunities to the learners to test their in-class learning in real life situations as well as to understand the functional diversity in the learning spaces. These may include visits to sites of knowledge creation, preservation, dissemination and application. Institutions may devise their own methods to substitute/modify this aspect.

The primary objective of this paper is to impart practical training to the students at archaeological sites, monuments, scientific laboratories, museums, field-based research projects, conservation work, etc.

The students shall also participate in the excavations/explorations conducted by the various organizations, including Archaeological Survey of India, State Departments of Archaeology, University Departments, Research Institutions, etc.

Programme specific outcome:

This section deals with projects and educational excursions. Here students are encouraged to visit Culture Heritage, Historical and Archaeological Sites. The objective of these programme is to make students not only familiar with cultural heritage on a regional basis, but also to reveal regional cultural and historical facts in a new way. Based on this, project writing has to be prepared; this will develop the skills of writing research papers in students.

Duration: as decided by the department.

Report Writing: On successful completion of the training a Report shall be submitted to the Department by the candidate for evaluation and award of marks.

Marks Distribution: (MM=100)

(A) Report Writing on Field work: 80 Marks

(B) Report Presentation: 20 Marks

Evaluation: Internal

PRSU/AHC/MA/ 10



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COURSE STRUCTURE WITH MARKS DISTRIBUTION WINTER (AUTUMN) SEMESTER

M.A. Semester-II

Course Code		Course Name	1	Maximum M (100)	larks	Maximum Credits
				nternal	External	(24)
		- CITT \ A	CIE	Practical	ETE	
АНС-506	Core	Aspects of Ancient Indian Culture (Religion, Philosophy, Literature and Art)	25		75	05 Credits
AHC-507	Core	Political History of Ancient India (from C. 185 B.C. to 319 A.D.)	25	30	75	05 Credits
AHC-508	Core	Indian Numismatics	25	1.6	75	05 Credits
AHC-509	Core	Archaeological Methods and Techniques	25		75	05 Credits
AHC-532	Core	Internship & Report Writing	-	100	131	04 Credits

	Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) (M.A. Semester-II)	
Sessional Test/Exam	Exam Schedule	Max <mark>imum Marks</mark> (25 Marks)
Int. Test-1*	Third week of January	12.5 Marks
Int. Test-2*	T <mark>hird week o</mark> f February	12.5 Marks
Int. Test-3*	Third week of March *Best of the two test's marks will be posted in the grade sheet	12.5 Marks
End Semester	First/Second Week of April/May	/



Prof. Rajendra Singh (Rajju Bhaiya) University, Prayagraj

M.A. Semester-II

Course Code: AHC-506

Aspects of Ancient Indian Culture: (Religion, Philosophy, Literature and Art)

MM-100 Credits-05

UNIT- I	Sources, Appro	aches and Early History of Religion
	a)	Indus Religion
	b)	Vedic Religion
	c)	Buddhism and Jainism
UNIT-II	Later Religions	
	a)	Vaisnavism
	b)	Saivism: Pashupata, Lingayata and other sub-sects.
	c)	Other minor sects: Ajivaka, Saura, Shakta
UNIT-III	Philosophy	जिल्ला) विश्वत
	a)	Upanisad
	b) 🚽	Bhagavadgita
	c)	Sankhya and Yoga
	d)	Vedanta (Shankara & Ramanuja)
UNIT-IV	Literature	
	(a)	Date, Authorship, Nature, Content and Historical Significance of Manusmriti
	b)	Kautilya'sArthas <mark>hastra – Date, Authorship an</mark> d Nature
	(c)	Milindap <mark>anho – Historical Sig</mark> nificance
	d)	Date of Kalidasa - Historical Significance of Malvikagnimitram
UNIT-V	Art	
	a)	Maurya and Sunga Art – Ashokan Pillars, Stupas of Sanchi and Bharhut
	b)	Kushana Art: Gandhara and Mathura School of Art
	c)	Gupta Art: Temple Architecture

Agrawal, V.S.	-	Indian Art (Hindi Translation)	
Aurobindo	-	Foun <mark>dation of Indian Culture</mark>	
Basham, A.L.	1	The Wonde <mark>r t</mark> hat was In <mark>di</mark> a, A Cultural History of India (ed.)	
Bhandarkar, R.G.	1	Vaisnavism, Saivism and Minor Religious System (Hindi Translation)	
Geeta Devi	1	Prachin Bharat Mein Shi <mark>ks</mark> haVyavastha	
Hiriyanna, M	10	Concept of Indian Values, Outline of Indian Philosophy	
Gupta, Shiv Kumar	1.00	Bharatiya Chintan Ka Itihas	
Kosambi, D.D.	-	The Culture and Civilization of Ancient India In Historical Outline	
Mishra, Jaishankar		Prachin Bharat Ka SamajikItihas	
Pande, G.C.	-	Foundations of Indian Culture, Baudha Dharma KeVikash Ka Itihash, Meaning and Process of Culture	
Pandey, R.B.	-	Hindu Samskaras	
Prabhu, P.H.	-	Hindu Social Organizations	
Radha Krishnan, S	-	Indian Philosophy, 2 Vols.	
Rowland, Benjamin	-	Art and Architecture of India	
Sharma, R.S.	-	Aspects of Political Ideas and Institutions in Ancient India (Tr.)	
	-	Sudras in Ancient India (Hindi Tr.)	
	-	Material Culture and Social Formations in Ancient India(Hindi Tr.)	
Thapar, Romila	-	Cultural Pasts-Essays in Early Indian History	
Tripthi, R.P	-	Studies in Political and Socio-Economic History of Early India	
Yadava, B.N.S	-	Society and Culture in Northern India in the Twelfth Century A.D.	



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M.A. Semester-II Course Code: AHC-507 (Core) Political History of Ancient India (From C. 185 B.C. to 319 A.D.)

MM-100 Credits-05

UNIT-I

Sources

- a) Literary Sources: Indigenous and foreign
- **b)** Epigraphy as a source of Political History
- c) Numismatics as a source of Political History

UNIT-II

Post Mauryan Period

- a) The Sungas and the Kanvas
- b) Yavanas (Indo-Greeks)
- c) Chedis of Kalinga Kharavela

UNIT-III

Sakas and Satvahanas

- a) Origin and early history of Satvahanas
- b) Achievements of GautamiputraSatkarni
- c) Achievements of VashishtiputraPulumavi
- d) Achievements of Rudradaman-I

UNIT-IV

Kushanas

- a) Origin and history of early Kushanas
- b) Kanishka I: Extent of the empire, date, cultural achievements
- c) Successors of Kanishka-I: Vashishka, Huvishka, Kanishka-II, etc.
- d) India on the eve of the rise of the Guptas

UNIT-V

Inscriptions Prescribed for Epigraphic Study:

- a) Ayodhya inscription of Dhanadeva
- b) Besanagar inscription of Heliodorus
- c) Hathigumpha cave inscription of Kharavela
- d) Nasik cave inscription of Vasisthiputra
- e) Junagarh inscription of Rudradaman-I
- f) Rebtak inscription of the first year of Kaniska-I

Jha, D.N. & Shrimali, K.M.	_	Prachin Bharat Ka Itihasa			
Majumdar, R.C.	-	Age of Imperial Unity			
Narain, A.K.	-	The Indo-Greeks			
Negi, J.S.	-	Groundwork of Ancient Indian History			
Pandey, R.N.	-	PrachinBharata Ka RajanitikaItihasa			
Rapson, E.J. (Ed.)	-	Cambridge History of India-Vol. I			
Raychaudhuri, H.C.	-	Political History of Ancient India			
Sircar, D.C.	-	Select Inscriptions (IInd Ed.)			
Sharma, G.R.	-	Reh Inscription of Menander and Indo-Greek Invasion of the Ganga Valley			
Thapar, Romila	-	Asoka and Decline of the Mauryas			



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M.A. Semester-II Course Code: AHC-508 (Core) <u>Indian Numismatics</u>

MM-100 Credits-05

UNIT-I

Origin and Early Coinage

- a) Origin and Antiquity of Coinage in Ancient India
- **b)** Punch-Marked Coins
- c) Uninscribed cast copper coins

UNIT-II

Local Coins:

- a) Coins of Yaudheya, Arjunayana, Malava and Audumbara
- b). Coins from Taxilla, PAHChala, Kaushambi, Ayodhya
- c) Indo-Greek coins

UNIT-III

Dynastic Coins

- a) Satvahana coinsb) Saka-Pahlava coins
- c) Kushana Coinage:

UNIT-IV

Gupta Coinage:

- a) Gold,b) Silver
- c) Copper coins

UNIT-V

Early Medieval Coinage

Early Medieval Coinage: Problem of the paucity of Coinage

Chattopadhyaya, B.D.	-	Coins and Currency System of Southern India			
Gupta, P.L.	-	BharatiyaSikke			
Sircar, D.C.	-	Studies in Indian Coins			
RaizadaAjit	7	BhartiyaSikkon Ka Itihas			
Singh, A.S.	K	Bharat Ki PrachinMudrayen			
Sharma, I.K.	-	Coinage of the Satavahana Empire			



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M.A. Semester-II <u>Course Code: AHC-509 (Core)</u> <u>Archaeological Methods and Techniques</u>

MM-100 Credits-5

UNIT-I Methods of Exploration: Traditional

a) Literary Sources

b) Village to Village Survey Maps

UNIT-II Methods of Exploration: Scientific

a) Geological and Aerial Maps

b) Remote Sensing

c) Under Water Archaeology

d) Application of Scientific Equipment in Exploration

UNIT-III Methods and Techniques of Excavation:

Designing & Layout of Trenches, Types of Trenches, Staff & Tools, Kinds of Excavation –

vertical, horizontal, step excavation.

UNIT-IV Stratigraphy & Stratification:

a) Layers and their Identification, Numbering and Significance, Pits – Kind of Pits, their Numbering and Significance.

b) Recording: Three –dimensional Techniques, their Significance; Photographic Recording, its Methods

& Techniques; Drawings, its Methods and Techniques

c) Excavation strategies involved in excavating: Stupa, Burials/Town/City, pits, Caves & Rock Shelters

UNIT-V Chronology, Preservations & Reporting:

a) Nature of Time in Archaeology

- (i) Relative Dating Methods: Stratigraphy, Typology, Pollen Analysis, Fluorine Test.
- (ii) Chronometric Dating Methods: Radiocarbon Method(C-14), Potassium-Argon Dating Technique, Thermoluminisence (TL) Dating, Dendrochronology, Fission Track. MIS Dates.
- b) Preservation and Conservation of Antiquities.
- c) Writing Excavation Report.
- d) Archaeology & Legislation: Antiquarian Law; Monument Acts.

Atkinson, R.J.C.	-	Field Archaeology (revised ed.), London			
Allchin, B.		Living Traditions: Studies in Ethno- Archaeology of South Asia			
Binford, L.R. & Sally	-	New Perspectives in Archaeology			
Brothwell, D.R	-	Science in Archaeology (revised), London			
Butzer, K.W	-	Environment and Archaeology			
Chakrabarti, D.K.		A History of Indian Archaeology from beginning to 1947, Delhi			
Clarke, D.L.		Analytical Archaeology, London, New York			
Clark, Grahme	-	Archaeology and Society, London			
Clark, W. Legros	-	The Fossil Eviden <mark>ce</mark> Human Evolution, Chicago			
Cookson, M.B.	-	Photography for Archaeology, London			
Crawford, O.G.S	1	Archaeology in the Field (7th ed.), New York			
Flint, R.F.	1	Glacial Geology and the Pleistocene Epoch (4 th revised ed.), New York			
Harris, E.C.	THE	Principles of Archaeological Stratigraphy, (2 nd ed.), London			
Hole, F. and R. Hetzer	-	An Introduction to Prehistoric Archaeology (3 rd ed.)			
Kenyon, K.M.		Beginnings in Archaeology, New York			
Leakey, L.S.B.	-	Adam's Ancestors (4 th ed.), New York			
Michaeal, H. Dray	-	Guide to Fossil Man (3 rd revised ed.), New York			
Oakley, K.P.	-	Man the Tool Maker (4 th ed.), London			
Pandey, J.N.	-	Puratattva Vimarsh (Hindi)			
Piggot, S.	-	Approach to Archaeology, Cambridge			
Renfrew, Colin	-	Approaches to Social Archaeology			
Renfrew, Colin & Bahn, Paul	-	Archaeology: Theories, Methods & Practice, London			
Sankalia, H.D	-	Stone Age Tools: Their Techniques, Names and Probable Functions			
Varma, R.K.	-	Bhartiya Pragitihas (Methods and Techniques), Allahabad, Kshetriya Puratattva			
Wheeler, R.E.M.	-	Archaeology from the Earth, Baltimore			
Zeuner, F.E.	-	The Pleistocene Period, Its Climate, Chronology and Faunal Succession, London			

M.A. Semester-II Course Code: AHC-532 (Core)

Internship & Report Writing

MM: 100 Credits: 4

Course Objective:

Major sources of archaeological data are obtained by undertaking various field survey and detailed investigations. Field component is the backbone of archaeology, which needs to be properly understood. The committee has recommended each student of department undertakes minimum of 15 days' internship in any Archaeological Department, Cultural Heritage and Museums. The Report of the Internship should be prepared in detail and submitted to the heads of the respective Department for evaluation. This will carry 100 marks/4 credits. Committee has also recommended that internship is compulsory for all the students of Archaeology and Non-Archaeology groups. They are free to undertake internship any time after the first semester during the Course. The faculty and teaching staff will provide proper guidance and direction to the students and help in the guidance of internship.

Programme specific outcome:

This section deals with projects and educational excursions. Here students are encouraged to visit Culture Heritage, Historical and Archaeological Sites. The objective of these programme is to make students not only familiar with cultural heritage on a regional basis, but also to reveal regional cultural and historical facts in a new way. Based on this, project writing has to be prepared; this will develop the skills of writing research papers in students.

Duration: as decided by the department. (Minimum 15 Days)

Report Writing: On successful completion of the training a Report shall be submitted to the Department by the candidate for evaluation and award of marks.

Marks Distribution: (MM=100)

(A) Internship: 80 Marks(B) Presentation: 20 Marks

Evaluation: Internal



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COURSE STRUCTURE WITH MARKS DISTRIBUTION MONSOON (SPRING) SEMESTER

M.A. Semester-III

Course Code		Course Name		valuati MM-10	Maximum Credits	
			CIE	P	ETE	(24)
АНС-601	Core	Political History of Ancient India (From A.D. 319 to 550 A.D.)	25	-	75	5 Credits
AHC-602	Core	Historical Research Methodology and Historiography	25	-	75	5 Credits
AHC-651 AHC-652		Group-A: Indian Pre-History: Paleolithic Culture OR Group-B: Ancient Indian Architecture - I OR				
AHC-653 AHC-654	Elective	Group-C: Social History of India (From Earliest Time to 6th Century A.D.) OR Group-D: Ancient Indian Religious and Philosophical Thoughts - I	25	1	75	5 Credits
AHC-655	/	Group-A: Indian Proto-History OR	1	3		
АНС-656	15	Group-B: Ancient Indian Art and Aesthetics - I OR		13	Λ	
АНС-657	Elective	Group-C: Economic History of India (From Earliest to 6 th Century A.D.) OR	25	15	75	5 Credits
AHC-658		Group-D: Ancient Indian Religious and Philosophical Thoughts -II				
AHC-631	Core	Tour & Report Writing	-	100	-/	4 Credits

Groups of Study						
Group-A	Archaeology Group	Archaeology				
Group-B	XUX	Art and Architecture				
Group-C	Non-Archaeology Group	Socio-Economic History				
Group-D	WATER A	Religion and Philosophy				

	Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) (M.A. Semester-III)	
Sessional Test/Exam	Exam Schedule	Maximum Marks (MM-25 Marks)
Int. Test-1*	Third week of September	12.5 Marks
Int. Test-2*	Third week of October	12.5 Marks
Int. Test-3*	Third week of November *Best of the two test's marks will be posted in the grade sheet	12.5 Marks
End Semester	First/Second Week of December	-



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M.A. Semester-III Course Code: AHC-601 (Core) Political History of Ancient India (From A.D. 319 to 550 A.D.)

Credit:5

UNIT-I:

MM:100

- Source
- a) Literary: (i) Indigenous (ii) Foreign Accounts
- b) Archaeological: (i) Inscriptions (ii) Numismatics(iii) Architecture (iv) Other

archaeological Material (explored excavated, seals, sealings, etc.)

Early Guptas

- a) Political conditions of northern India on the eve of the rise of the Gupta empire
- b) Origin and original home of the Guptas
- c) Early history of the Guptas (up to Chandragupta-I)

UNIT-II:

Samundragupta

- a) Accession of Samudragupta, Kacha problem
- b) Samudragupta's campaigns of Aryavarta, Dakshinapatha and of frontier states, etc.
- c) Extent of the Empire & Estimate
- d) Historicity of Ramagupta

UNIT-III:

Chandragupta II

- a) Identification of Chandra of Meharauli Pillar Inscription
- b) Chandragupta II (Career and achievements)
- c) Relation with Sakas and Vakatakas
- d) Kumaragupta I: (i) (Career and Achievements (ii) The problem of succession between Skandgupta and Purugupta

UNIT-IV:

History of Late Gupta Period

- a) Skandgupta (Achievements)
- b) Descendents of the Guptas: Kumargupta II, Buddhagupta Narsinghagupta Baladitya, Bhangupta etc.
- c) Causes of the disintegration of the Gupta empire
- d) Huna's Invasion and its impact

UNIT-V:

Epigraphic notes on the following Inscriptions

- a) Allahabad Pillar Inscription
- b) Udayagiri undated cave inscription
- c) Meharauli Iron Pillar Inscription of Chandra
- d) Junagarh Inscription of Skandagupta
- e) Bhitari Pillar Inscription of Skandagupta
- f) Mandsor inscription of Kumargupta I
- g) Eran Inscription of Bhanugupta
- h) Poona Copper Plate of Prabhavatigupta

Books Recommended:

Basak. R.G.		History of North Eastern India
Biswas, Atreyi	-	Political History of Hunas in India
Chattopadyay, S	-	Early History of Northern India
Goel, S.R.	-	Gupta –Samrajya
Majumdar, R.C. &Altekar, A.S. (Ed)	-	History of the Imperial Guptas
Majumdar, R.C. and others	-	The Vakataka-Gupta Age, The Classical Age
Mirashi, V.V.	-	Vakataka Rajavansha Aur Usaka Yuga
Raychaudhuri, H.C.	-	Political History of Ancient India
Roy, U.N.	-	Gupta-SamrataurUnaka-Kala
Sinha, B.P.	-	Decline of the Kingdom of Magadha

-PRSU/AHC/MA/ 18



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M.A. Semester-III Course Code: AHC-602 (Core)

MM: 100 <u>Historical Research Methodology and Historiography</u>

UNIT-I: Research: An Introduction:

- (a.) What is Research
- (b.) Approaches/Models in Research
- (c.) Data Collection & Processing
- (d.) Data Interpretation & Generalization
- (e.) Computer Application in Research/Historical Research

UNIT-II: Historical Research Methodology:

- (a.) Sources in History
- (b.) Validation and Verification of Historical Sources
- (c.) Arrange Sources/Facts/Evidences in Chronological Order
- (d.) Sociological, Phycological, Linguistic Approaches in History and their Correlation/Association

UNIT-III: Basic Issues in Historical Writing:

- (a.) Nature and Characteristics of History
- (b.) Subjectivity and Objectivity in History
- (c.) Causation in History and its Significance
- (d.) Place and Time in Social Sciences and Humanities

UNIT-IV: Approaches of History and Historians:

- (a.) Idealist, Theologist, Orientalist, Colonialist
- (b.) Imperialist, Nationalist, Marxist
- (c.) Hegel, Spengler, Toynbee, Karl Marx
- (d.) R. G. Bhandarkar, R. C. Majumdar, G. C. Pandey

UNIT-V: Indian Historical Text:

- (a.) Puranas
- (b.) Gatha Narasamsi, Akhyan, Danstuti
- (c.) Rajtarangini

Books Recommended:

Carr, E.H.	-	<i>What is History, </i> London
Collingwook, R.G.	-	The Idea of History, Oxford
Gardiner, P. (Ed.)	- /	Theories of History
Ghoshal, U.N.	-	Studies in Indian History and Culture
Gooch, G.P.	7	History and Historians in the Nineteenth Century
Jenkins, Keith	X	Rethinking History
Kolle V. and Kovalson, M.	-	Historical Materialism
Marwick, Arthur	L-I	The New Nature of History
Om Prakash	-	Conceptualization and History
Pande, G.C. (Ed.)	€.	Itihasa: Svarupa Evam Siddhanta
Pathak, V.S.	(2)	Ancient Historians of India
Philips, C.A. (Ed.)	-	Historians of India, Pakistan and Ceylon
Reinor, G.	-	History: Its Purpose and Methods
Sreedharan, E.	-	A Textbook of Historiography: 500 B.C. to A.D. 2000 (Hindi Translation Available)
Walsh, E.	-	Philosophy of History
Wardar, A.K.	-	An Introduction to Indian Historiography
Webster, John C.B.	-	An Introduction to History
White, Hayden	-	Metahistory
Widgery, A.	-	Interpretation of History
Pandey, L. P.	-	Bhartiya Itihas Darshana, Itihas aurItihaskarra
Singh, G. P.	-	Ancient Indian Historiography

Credits: 5



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M.A. Semester-III

Course Code: AHC-651 (Elective)

MM:100 <u>Group-A: Indian Pre-History: Palaeolithic Cultures</u> Credit:5

UNIT-I: Introduction

- a) Prehistory: Definition, Scope, association with allied disciplines
- b) Palaeolithic tool Technology and Typology

UNIT-II: Outlines of Prehistoric Cultures of world

- a) Europe- with special reference to St. Acheul
- b) Africa- with special reference to Olduvai Gorge
- c) Asia- with special reference to Chaukoutien, Petjitinean
- d) Upper Palaeolithic art of Lescaux, Altamira
- e) Chronology

UNIT-III: Lower Palaeolithic Culture of India

- a) Madrasian Attirampakkam
- b) North-western Indian subcontinent- Sohan, Rewat
- c) Belan Valley
- d) Son Valley
- e) Excavated primary sites<mark>-H</mark>uns<mark>ag</mark>i, Ch<mark>ir</mark>ki-N<mark>e</mark>vasa, <mark>Pa</mark>isara, Maihar, Manigara, Didwana.

UNIT-IV: Middle Palaeolithic Culture of India

- a) General features of Middle Palaeolithic Culture
- b) Belan Valley
- c) Son Valley
- d) Pravara Valley

UNIT-V: Upper Palaeolithic Culture and Art of India

- a) General features of the Upper Palaeolithic Culture
- b) Belan Valley
- c) Son Valley
- d) Andhra Pradesh

	_			
Agarwal, D.P. and Ghosh, A. (ed.) - Radiocarbon and Indian Archaeology		Radiocarbon and Indian Archaeology		
Bhattacharya, D.K.		An Outline of Indian Prehistory		
Bordes, F.	-	Ole Stone Age		
Clark, Grahmme and Piggott, S.	-	Prehistoric Societies		
Daniel, G.	-	150 Years of Archeology		
de Terra, H. and Patterson, T.T.	-	Studies on the Ice Age		
Hawkes, J. and Wolley, L. (Ed.)	-	History of Mankind VolI (UNESCO pub.)		
Jaiswal, V.	-	Palaeohistory of India		
Leakey, L.S.B.	-	The Olduvai Gorge		
Misra, V.D.	-	Some Aspects of Indian Archaeology		
Misra, V.D.,Pal, J.N. (Ed.)	-	Indian Prehistory: 1980		
Misra, V.N. and Mate, M.S. (Ed.)	-	Indian Prehistory: 1964		
Pal, J.N.	-	Archaeology of Southern Uttar Pradesh		
Pandey, J.N.	-	Puratattava Vimarsha		
Sankalia, H.D.		Stone Age Tools, Prehistory and Protohistory of India and Pakistan		
Varma, R.K.	-	Bhartiya Pragitihas, Bhag-I, Bhartiya Pragiatihasika Sanskritiyan,		
		Puratattava Anusheelan		
Wadia, D.N		Geology of India		



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M.A. Semester-III Course Code: AHC-652 (Elective)

MM:100 <u>Group-B: Ancient Indian Architecture -I</u> Credit:5

UNIT-I: Introduction:

a) Brief Overview of Legislations on Conservation of Art Heritage

b) Patronage in Ancient Indian Art

UNIT-II:

Literary Sources:

a) Non-technical Text - Brihat Samhita

b) Technical Text - Manasara, Samaranganasutradhara, Aparajitaprichha

UNIT-III: Early Phase-I:

a) Harappan town planning: Mohenjodaro, Harappa, Dholavira, Lothal

b) Residential and Public Utility buildings/Centers

UNIT-IV: Early Phase-II:

a) Mauryan Town planning with special reference to Arthashastra

b) Asokan Pillars- Form, technique and symbology

c) Rock-Cut Architecture

UNIT-V: Early Phase-III:

a) Stupa Architecture- Bharahut, Sanchi

b) Stupa Architecture- Amaravati and Nagurjunkonda

c) Rock-cut Architecture- Bhaja, Karle, Udaygiri, Khandagiri

Sarkar, H.	- 7	Museums and Protection of Monuments and Antiquities in India, 1981
Agrawal, V.S.	-	Evolution of Hindu Temples and Other Essays; Gupta Art.
		Indian Art/Bharatiya K <mark>ala;</mark>
Anand, Mulk Raj	- 1	The Hindu View of Art
Bhattacharya, Tarapada	-	Canons of Indian Art
Boner, Alice and Sharma, S.R.	-	New Light on the Sun Temple of Konarka
Bose, Nirmal Kumar	4 -	Canons of Orissan Architecture
Coomaraswamy, A.K.	-	Symbolism of Indian Architecture
	-	History of Indian and Indonesian Art (Symbolism and General History)
Dehejia, Vidya	-	Early Stone Temples of Orissa
Dhaky, Meister, & Krishna Deva <mark>(Ed</mark> .)	-	Encyclopedia of Temple Architecture-VolI (North India 5 pts.)
Gangoli, O.C.	-	The Art of the Rashtra <mark>kutas</mark>
Krishna Deva	17	Temples of North India, Khajuraho-2 Vols.
Michell, George	-	The Hindu Temple: An Introduction to its Meaning and Forms.
	-	Splendours of the Vijayanagar Empire – Hampi (Marg. Pub.)
Mitra, Debala	-	Buddhist Monuments
Pandey, J.N.	-	Bharatiya Kala
Panigrahi, K.C.	-	Archaeological Remains at Bhuvaneswara.
Pramod Chandra	-	Studies in Temple Architecture
Ray, Niharranjan	-	Maurya – Sunga Art.
Roy, G.N.	-	Bharatiya Kala, Allahabad
Rowland, Benjamen	-	The Art and Architecture of India
Shula, D.N.	-	Vastushastra, VolI Hindu Science of Architecture.
Soundara Rajan, K.V.	-	Indian Temple Styles: The personality of Hindu Architecture.
Srinivasan, K.R.	-	Temples of South India
Suson, L. Huntington	_	The Art of Ancient India



Prof. Rajendra Singh (Rajju Bhaiya) University, Prayagraj

M.A. Semester-III

Course Code: AHC-653 (Elective) Group-C: Social History of India

MM:100 Group-C: Social History of India

(From Earliest Times to Circa 6th Century A.D.)

Credit:5

UNIT-	·I:	Sources

- a) Literary sources
 - i) Indigenous-Religious and secular
 - ii) Foreign Accounts
- b) Archaeological Sources
 - i) Epigraphic
 - ii) Numismatic
 - iii) Excavation/exploration reports

UNIT-II: Trends and approaches to the study of ancient Indian society

- a) Historical study of society (Horizontal)
- b) Social Life of Indus Valley civilization
- c) Social Life of Vedic period
- d) Social Life of Mauryan period and post Maurya period (up to Kushanas)
- e) Social Life of Gupta period

UNIT-III: Historical Study of Social Institutions

- a) Varna and Ashram system -origin and evolution
- b) Caste system -origin and nature
- c) Sanskras
- d) Purusartha

UNIT-IV: Study of other Social Institutions:

Position of Women:

- a) Their abilities and disabilities
- b) Their proprietary right
- c) Right to education
- d) Position of widows
- e) Sati custom

Educational Institutions:

- b) Curriculum

UNIT-V: Study of Labour and Outcastes

- a) Slavery: Types, its use
 - b) Visti: origin, evolution and its use
 - c) Outcastes

Altekar, A.S.	7	Position of Women in Hindu Civilization
Altekar, A.S.	E SIGH	Education in Ancient Indian
Bhattacharya, S.C.		Some Aspects of Indian Society (2 nd century B.C. to 4 th Century A.D.)
Chanan, D.	-	Slavery in Ancient India
Derrett, J.D.M.	-	Religion, Law and State in India
Hutton, J.	-	Caste in India
Kane, P.V.	-	History of Dharmasastra Vol. II (HindiVol. II)
Macdonell and Keith	-	Vedic Index, 2 Vols.
Mukerjee, Sandhya	-	Some Aspect of Social Life in Ancient India
Ojha, A.P.	-	Prachin Bharat Mein Samajik Starikaran
Om Prakash	-	Conceptualization and History
Sharma, R.S.	-	Studies in Ancient India: Light on Early Indian Economy and Society, Indian Feudalism
	-	Material Culture and Social Formations in Ancient India.



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M.A. Semester-III

Course Code: AHC-654 (Elective)

MM:100 <u>Group-D: Ancient Indian Religious and Philosophical Thoughts-I</u> Credit:5

UNIT-I: Sources:

a) Literary sourcesb) Archaeologicalc) Concept of religion

UNIT-II: Foundations of Indian religion:

a) Harappanb) Early Vedic

UNIT-III: Sectarian Proliferation:

a) Sun worshipb) Shaivismc) Vaishnavism

UNIT-IV: Yajna Ritual:

a) Agnistomab) Vajapeya

c) Rajasuya, Asvamedha and Educational rites

UNIT-V: Philosophical Thoughts:

a) Upanisadic P<mark>hilos</mark>ophy

b) Gitac) Sankhya

Basham, A.L. (Ed.)	-	A Cultural Histo <mark>ry of India</mark>
Dutta and Chaterjee	-	An Introduction to Indian philosophy
Gonda, J.	-	Saivis <mark>m and Vai</mark> snavism
Jash, P.	-	History of Savism
Kane, P.V.	-	History of Dharmasastra, Volume IV
Lal, B.B.	-	Sarswati Flows on
Michaels, Alex	J	Hinduism
Pande, G.C.	A	Baudha Dharma Ka Vikas ka Itihas
Radhakrishan, S.	(-)	Indian Philosophy-2 Vol.
Yadava, Jhinku	4	Jain Dharma Ki Rooprekha



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M.A. Semester-III <u>Course Code: AHC-655 (Elective)</u> Group-A: Indian Proto-History

Group-A: Indian Proto-History Credit:5

UNIT-I: Introduction

MM:100

- a) Definition of Protohistory and its Scope
- b) Emergence and main features of Early Harappan cultures:
 - i) Mehrgarh, ii) Kil-i-ghul Mohammad, Rana Ghundai, Nausero,

Mundigak, Rakhigarhi, Kalibangan

UNIT-II: Harappan Civilization

- a) Characteristic features
- b) Origin and extent
- c) Decline
- d) Legacy of Harappan Civilization: Cemetery H culture; Harappan-Vedic relations

UNIT-III: Important Harappan Sites:

- a) Harappa, Mohenjo-daro, Lothal,
- b) Surkotda, Kalibangan, Dholavira, Rakhigarhi

UNIT-IV: Chalcolithic Cultures of Western-Central India and Deccan

- a) Kayatha Culture
- b) Ahar Culture; Sites Ahar, Gilund, Balathal
- c) Malwa Culture; Sites: Maheswar, Navdatoli, Nagda, Chandoli
- d) Nasik-Jorwe Culture, Sites: Nevasa, Inamgaon, Prakash, Chandoli

UNIT-V: Chalcolithic Cultures of Northern India

- (a) Middle Ganga Valley, Sites: Chirand, Sen<mark>uw</mark>ar, Taradih, <mark>Narhan,</mark> Khairadih, Jhusi, Kausambi, Sringverpura
- (b) Copper Hoards and O.C.P. Culture of Upper Ganga Valley; Sites: Saipai, Atranjikhera, Jakhera, Hastinapur, Ahichhatra
- (c) Vindhyan Chalcolithic; Sites: Kakoria, Koldihwa, Tokwa, Malhar, Raja Nal Ka Tila.

Books Recommended:

Agrawal, D.P.	X	A <mark>r</mark> chaeo <mark>lo</mark> gy of India
Allchin, B. and F.R.	(-)	The Rise of Civilization in India and Pakistan
Chakrabarti, D.K.	U	India – An Archaeological History – Palaeolithic Beginnings to <mark>Early Hi</mark> storical Formations
Dhavalikar, M.K.	-	Historical Archaeology of India
Fairservics, W.A., Jr.	(2)	Roots of Ancient India
Ghosh, A. (ed)	-	Encyclopaedia of India Archaeology, 2 vols.
Misra, V.D, and Pal, J.N. (eds.)	-	Indian Prehistory: 1980
Pal, J.N.	-	Archaeology of Southern Uttar Pradesh
Pandey, J.N.	-	PuratattvaVimarsh
	-	Sindhu Sabhyata
Possehl. G.L.	-	Indus Age: The Beginnings
Sankalia, H.D.	-	Prehistory and Protohistory of India and Pakistan
Sharma, G.R.	-	BhartiyaSanskriti ka PuratattvikAdhar
Tripathi, Vibha	-	Age of Iron in South Asia
Thapalyal, K.K.	-	Sindhu Sabhyata
Varma, R.K.	-	PuratattvaAnusheelan, Bhag I, II
Wheeler, R.E.M.	-	The Indus Civilization, 3 rd edition

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M.A. Semester-III

Course Code: AHC-656 (Elective)

MM:100 <u>Group-B: Ancient Indian Art and Aesthetics-I</u> Credit:5

UNIT-I: Sources:

a) Concept of Indian Artb) Characteristics of Indian Art

c) Elements of Aesthetics

UNIT-II: Indian Thinkers:

a) Bharata

b) Abhinavagupta

c) Western thinkers: Kant, Hegel

UNIT-III: Dynastic Art - I

a) Mauryanb) Sunga

UNIT-IV: Dynastic Art - II

a) Satavahanab) Kushanac) Gupta

UNIT-V: Buddhist and Jaina Iconography:

a) Buddha, Bod<mark>hisattv</mark>a

b) Adinath, Parsvanath, Mahavira

Books Recommended:

Agrawal, V.S.	7 -	Indian Art/Bha <mark>ratiya Kala</mark>
Ananad, Mulkraj	U -	Hindu View of <mark>Art</mark>
Bachoffer, L.	-	Early <mark>Indian Sculpture,</mark> 2 vols.
Banerjee, J.N.		Development of Hindu Iconography
Coomarswamy, A.K.		History of Indian and Indonesian Art
Gnoli, Raniero		The Aesthetic Experience according toabhinavagupta
Harle, J.C.	7	The Art and Architecture of Indian subcontinent
Kramrisch, Stella	/A	I <mark>n</mark> dian Sculpture
Mishra, Indumati	11-1	Pratima Vigyan
Mishra, R.N.	-	Murtikala ka It <mark>ihasa</mark>
Mitter, Partha	TITE	Indian Art
Pandey, K.C.	90	Comparative Aesthetics Vol. 1: Indian Aesthetics Vol. 2: Western Aesthetics
Rao, T.A.G.	-	Elements of Hindu Iconography, 4 vols.
Shivramamurti, C.	-	South Indian Bronzes
Tomory, Edith	-	A History of Fine Arts in India and the West
Vatsyayan , K.	-	Natya Sastra

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M.A. Semester-III **Course Code: AHC-657 (Elective) Group-C: Economic History of India**

(From Earliest Times to 6th Century A.D.) Credit:5 MM:100

UNIT-I:	Sources:
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Literary sources a)

Indigenous-Dharmashashtra, Secular and Religious and Foreign

Accounts

b) **Archaeological Sources**

Epigraphic, Numismatic and Excavation/Exploration Reports

Trends and Approaches to the study of Ancient Indian Economy c)

UNIT-II: Historical Study of Economy: Economic Life

- Indus Valley civilization a)
- Vedic Period b)
- Mauryan Period c)
- d) Post-Mauryan Period and Gupta Period

UNIT-III: Study of History of Agriculture:

- Land Ownership and land Possession a)
- b) **Irrigation System**
- c) Crops, Cultivation and Manuring
- Agricultural Implements and Labour: Slavery and Vishti d)
- e) **Animal Husbandry**

UNIT-IV:

Study of History of Trade and Commerce: International External Trade and Corporate Activities:

- a) Trade routes (Land and water) and Means of Transport
- b) Ports and Towns (Trade Centers)
- Items of Import and Export c)
- Trade Relations with other Countries, Rome, Southeast Asia and China

Corporate Activities, Currency System

- Industrial and Traders' Guilds: Definition, Organization and Functions a)
- b) Nigam, Definition Organization and Functions
- Carvan Trade, with Indigenous and Other Countries c)

UNIT-V:

Revenue System, Money lending and Currency System:

- Agricultural and Trade Taxes a)
- b) Fines, Principle and practice of Taxation
- Definition and Types of Lending c)
- d) Rate of Interest
- Monetary Condition: State of Coined Money e)

Adhya, G.L.	-	Early Indian Economics
Aiyangar, K.V.R.	-	Aspect of Ancient Indian Economic thought
Bajpai, K.D.	-	Bhartiya Vyapara Ka Itihasa
Bandyopadhaya, N.C.	-	Economic Life and Progress in Ancient India
Bose, A.N.	-	Social and Rural Economy of Northern India 2Vol
Chanana, D.	-	Slavery in Ancient India
Ghoshal, U.N.	-	Hindu Revenue System
Majumdar, R.C.	-	Corporate Life in Ancient India
Pran Nath	-	Economic Life in Ancient India
Sharma, R.S.		Studies in Ancient India: Light on Early Indian Economy and Society, Indian Feudalism



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M.A. Semester-III Course Code: AHC-658 (Elective)

MM:100 Group-D: Ancient Indian Religious and Philosophical Thoughts-II Credit:5

UNIT-I: Sources:

a) Literary sourcesb) Archaeologicalc) Puranic Dharma

UNIT-II: Religious Trend:

a) Saktismb) Tantrism

UNIT-III: Religious System:

a) Saiva Schools and Sects

b) Vaisnava Schools and Sects

UNIT-IV: Minor religious Systems:

a) Sun Cult

b) Skandkartikeya Cult,

c) Ganesa Cult

UNIT-V: Philosophical Thoughts:

a) Sankara's Vedanta

b) Ramanuja's Visistadvaita

Bharati, Agehanand	6 \ P	The Tantric Tradition
Chattopadhyaya, S.		Evolution of Theistic-Sects in Ancient India
Dwivedi, Hajari Prasad		MadhyakalinDharmSadhana
Goyal, S.R.		Religious History of India, 2 vols.
Mitra, R.C.		Decline of Buddhism
Nandi, R.N.		Social roots of religion in Ancient India
Pandey, L.P.	//\-\	Sun-w <mark>o</mark> rship in India
Pathak, V.S.		Shiva Cults in northern India: Smarta Religious Tradiltion
Sharma, C.D.	7 7	Indian Philosophy
Sircar, D.C.	463	Saktipithas
Yaduvanshi		Shaivmat

M.A. Semester-III Course Code: AHC-631 (Core)

Tour & Report Writing

MM: 100 Credits: 4

Course Objectives:

Major sources of archaeological data are obtained by undertaking various field survey and detailed investigations. Field component is the backbone of archaeology, which needs to be properly understood. The committee has recommended each student of department undertakes a tour in any Archaeological Departments, Cultural Heritage and Museums. The Report of the tour should be prepared in detail and submitted to the heads of the respective Department for evaluation. This will carry 100 marks/4 credits. Committee has also recommended that tour is compulsory for all the students of Archaeology and Non-Archaeology groups. They are free to undertake tour any time after the second semester during the Course. The faculty and teaching staff will provide proper guidance and direction to the students and help in the guidance of internship.

Programme specific outcome:

This section deals with projects and educational excursions. Here students are encouraged to visit Culture Heritage, Historical and Archaeological Sites. The objective of these programme is to make students not only familiar with cultural heritage on a regional basis, but also to reveal regional cultural and historical facts in a new way. Based on this, project writing has to be prepared; this will develop the skills of writing research papers in students.

Duration: as decided by the department.

Report Writing: On successful completion of the tour a Report shall be submitted to the Department by the candidate for evaluation and award of marks.

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Marks Distribution: (MM=100)

(A) Report writing: 80 Marks(B) Presentation: 20 Marks

Evaluation: Internal



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COURSE STRUCTURE WITH MARKS DISTRIBUTION WINTER (AUTUMN) SEMESTER

M.A. Semester-IV

				valuat 1M=1		Maxim um
Course	Code	Course Name		Internal		Credits (24)
			CIE	P	ETE	
AHC-604	Core	Political History of Ancient India (From A.D. 550 to 1200 A.D.)	25	-	75	5 Credits
AHC-605	Core	Heritage Management and Conservation	25	-	75	5 Credits
АНС-659 АНС-660		Group-A: Indian Pre-History: Mesolithic and Neolithic Cultures OR Group-B: Ancient Indian Architecture – II OR				
АНС-661	Elective	Group-C: Social History of India (From Circa 7th Century A.D. to 12th Century A.D.) OR	25	-	75	5 Credits
AHC-662		Group-D: Ancient Indian Religious and Philosophical Thoughts - III	A	X		
AHC-663	1.4	Group-A: Historical Archaeology of India OR	15	1		
АНС-664		Group-B: Ancient Indian Art and Aesthetics – II OR				5
АНС-665	Elective	Group-C: Economic History of India (From Circa 7th Century A.D. to 12th Century A.D.) OR	25	-	75	Credits
AHC-666	1	Group-D: Anc <mark>ient Indian Re</mark> ligious and <mark>Philosophical Tho</mark> ughts -IV		1		
АНС-632	Core	Project Work		100		4 Credits

Groups of Study		
Group-A	Archaeology	
Group-B	Art and Architecture	
Group-C	Socio-Economic History	
Group-D	Religion and Philosophy	

	Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) (M.A. Semester-VI)	
Sessional Test/Exam	Exam Schedule	Maximum Marks (25 Marks)
Int. Test-1*	Third week of January	12.5 Marks
Int. Test-2*	Third week of February	12.5 Marks
Int. Test-3*	Third week of March *Best of the two test's marks will be posted in the grade sheet	12.5 Marks
End Semester	First/Second Week of April/May	-



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M.A. Semester-IV Course Code: AHC-604 (Core) Political History of Ancient India

MM:100 (From A.D. 550 to 1200 A.D.) **CREDIT:5** UNIT-I: Sources: Literary and Archaeological Sources a) Indigenous i) ii) Foreign accounts iii) Inscriptions iv) Numismatic v) Architecture and others UNIT-II: History of Post-Gupta Period Later Guptas a) b) Maukharis Vakatakas c) d) Pallavas Aulikaras and Maitrakas e) f Vakataka-Pallava Relations History of Pushyabhuti Dynasty and Chalukyas of Badami UNIT-III: Harsha's Campaign and Chronology a) b) Extent of the Empire Relation with contemporary kingdoms with special reference to the Chalukyas of Badami ii) Estimate Chalukyas of Badami: Origin and Early History of Chalukyas a) b) Pulkesin II and his Achievements c) Chalukya-Pallava Relations d) **Arab Invasion** Political History: UNIT-IV: Gurjar-Partihar- with special reference to Achievements of Mihirabhoj a) Palas-with special reference to Achievements of Dharmpal b) Rashtrakutas- with special reference to Achievements of Dhruva Dharavarsa or Govind c) III Tripartite Struggle: a) Chahmanas – with special <mark>re</mark>ference to Achievements of Prithviraja- III Foreign b) Invasions: Ghazanavi's Invasion a) b) Turk Invasion (with special reference to Mohammad Ghori) Epigraphic notes on the following Inscriptions: UNIT-V: Banskhera Inscription of Harsha a) b) Haraha Inscription of Ishanavarman c) Aihole Inscription of Pulakeshina-II d) Aphasada Inscription of Adityasena

Books Recommended:

e)

Basak. R.G.	-	History of North Eastern India
Devahuti, D	-	Harshavardhana
Mukerjeee, R.V.	-	Harsha
Sinha, B.P.	-	Decline of the Kingdom of Magadha

Mandasore Inscription of Yashodharman



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M.A. Semester-IV <u>Course Code: AHC-605 (Core)</u> <u>Heritage Management and Conservation</u>

MM: 100 CREDIT: 5

UNIT 1: a. Introduction of Heritage Management - Definition, Need and Scope

b. Terminology: Preservation, Restoration and Conservation

c. Cultural Heritage and Human Rights

d. Introduction to Cultural Resource Management

e. Cultural Heritage Management as Applied Archaeology and Applied Anthropology

UNIT 2: a. Conservation: Definition, Scope and Nature

b. Modern Conservation and Restoration Approaches and approach of Ecological Conservation

c. Heritage Protection Movement and Conservation Movement in India

d. Doctrine in Heritage Protection and Conservation-International and National level.

e. Asiatic Society, Indian Museum, National Archives of India, Archaeological Survey of India,

Anthropological Survey of India, Indian Council for Cultural Relations (ICCR)

UNIT 3: a. Heritage Tourism: Definition, Scope and Nature

b. Development of Tourism in Indiac. Heritage Tour Guide Program

d. Efforts initiated by various state Government (Case study of Uttar Pradesh & Madhya Pradesh

Tourism Department)

e. Threat to Heritage and laws to protect, Armed Conflict, Natural Disaster, Industrialization and

Urbanization, Illicit Practices and Smuggling

UNIT 4: Public Participation and Social Responsibility, Problems and Solutions, Role Corporate Institution,

Role of Government Agencies, Role of Non-Governmental Organization, Heritage and Education

UNIT 5: a. Present State of Protected Monuments: Case Study, UNESCO protected monuments in India-

Khajuraho, Bhimbetaka, Ajanta, Ellora.

b. Heritage Adoption Policy: Problems and Solution

- Monuments of World Heritage in India, 1998, New Delhi, Archaeological Survey of India
- Basham, A.L. 2007. The Illustrated Cultural History of India. Oxford University Press.
- Bhandari, N.K. 2007. Cultural Heritage of India. Delhi: Eastern Book Corporation.
- Batra, M. L. 1996. Conservation: Preservation and Restoration of Monuments. New Delhi: Aryan Books International.
- Biswas, Sachindra Sekhara. 1999. Protecting the Cultural Heritage (National Legislation and International Conservation). New Delhi: Aryan Books International



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M.A. Semester-IV Course Code: AHC-659 (Elective)

Group-A: Indian Pre-History: Mesolithic and Neolithic Cultures

MM:100 CREDIT:5

UNIT-I:

- a) Palaeo-Environment of Holocene
- b) Anthropocene period an introduction
- c) Mesolithic and Neolithic Tool Technology and Typology

UNIT-II:

Mesolithic Cultures in India:

- a) Definition, General Features and Rock art
- b) Origin and Chronology of the Mesolithic Cultures in India
- c) Mesolithic Cultures of the Vindhyas and the Ganga Valley
- d) Subsistence Economy

UNIT-III:

a) Excavated sites – Birbhanpur, Langhnaj, Bagor, Chopani-Mando, Lekhahia, Baghaikhor, Baghor II, Damdama, Sarai Nahar Rai, Mahadaha

UNIT-IV:

- a) Neolithic Cultures in India: Definition and General Features
- b) Development of Cultivation, Agriculture and Domestication. Their Characteristics features.

UNIT-V:

Regional Study of Neolithic Culture:

- a) Neolithic in North India
- b) Neolithic in the Ganga Valley
- c) Neolithic in the Vindhyas
- d) Neolithic in the South India
- e) Neolithic in the Eastern India

Agarwal, D.P. and Ghosh, A. (ed.)	-	R <mark>ad</mark> iocarbon and Indian Archaeology
Bordes, F.	-	Ole Stone Age
Clark, Grahmme and Piggott, S.	-	Prehistoric Societies
Daniel, G.	-	150 Years of Archeology
Hawkes, J. and Wolley, L. (ed.)	-	History of Mankind Vol. I (UNESCO pub.)
Misra, V.D.		Some Aspects of Indian Archaeology
Misra, V.D. and Pal, J.N. (ed.)	X	I <mark>n</mark> dian P <mark>re</mark> history: 1980
Misra, V.D. and Pal, J.N. (ed.)	1	Mesolithic India
Misra, V.N. and Mate, M.S. (ed.)	L.	Indian Prehistory: 1964
Pal, J.N.	-	Archaeology of Southern Uttar Pradesh
Pandey, J.N.	E	Puratattvavimarsha
Sankalia, H.D.	_(0)	Stone Age Tool
	-	Prehistory and Protohistory of India and Pakistan
Varma, R.K.	-	BhartiyaPragitihas, Bhag I
	-	Bhartiya Pragiatihasika Sanskritiyan
Varma, R.K.	-	Puratattava Anusheelan
Wadia, D.N.	-	Geology of India
	-	Ancient India, Bulletin of the Archaeological Survey of
		India; Indian Archaeology – A Review, New Delhi;
		Puratattva - Published by Archaeological Society of
		India.



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M.A. Semester-IV Course Code: AHC-660 (Elective) Group-B: Ancient Indian Architecture-II

MM:100 CREDIT:5

UNIT-I: Temple Architecture:

a) Origin and growth of Temple Architectureb) Principles of Vastu Vidya: Cosmology

c) Gupta Temples- Distinctive Features; Form and Technique

UNIT-II: Temple Styles:

a) Nagarab) Dravidac) Vesara

UNIT-III: Early Medieval Architecture: North India

a) Temples of Orissab) Temples of Khajurahoc) Origin of Bhumija Style

UNIT-IV: Early Medieval Architecture: South India

a) Pallava Temples: Cave & Monoliths
b) Pallava Temples: Structural
c) Early Chalukyan Temples

UNIT-V: Early Medieval Architecture: South India

a) Chola Temples

b) Later Chalukyan – Hoyasala Temples

c) Rashtrakuta Monoliths/Cave Temples - Ellora

Agrawal, V.S.		Evolution of Hindu Temples and Other Essays; Gupta Art.			
	-	Indian Art/Bharatiya Kala;			
Anand, Mulk Raj	-	The Hindu View of Art			
Bhattacharya, Tarapada	-	Can <mark>o</mark> ns of Ind <mark>ia</mark> n Art			
Boner, Alice and Sharma, S.R.	-	New Light on the Sun Temple of Konarka			
Bose, Nirmal Kumar	-	Carnons of Or <mark>i</mark> ssan Architecture			
Coomaraswamy, A.K.	-	Symbo <mark>l</mark> ism of <mark>I</mark> ndian <mark>A</mark> rchitecture			
	J	History of Ind <mark>ian and Indonesian Art (Symbo</mark> lism and General History)			
Dehejia, Vidya	-	Early Stone Temples of Orissa			
Dhaky, Meister, & Krishna Deva (ed)		Encyclopaedia of Temple Architecture Vol. I (North India 3 pts)			
Gangoli, O.C.	-	The Art of Rashtrakutas			
Krishna Deva	-	Temples of North India; Khajuraho – 2 Vols.			
Michell, George	-	The Hindu Temple: An Introduction to its Meaning and Forms			
	1	Splendours of the Vijayanagar Empire- Hampi (Marg. Pub.)			
Mitra, Debala	-	Buddhist Monuments			
Pandey, J.N.	1	Bharatiya Kala			
Panigrahi, K.C.	-	Archaeological Remains at Bhubaneswara			
Pramod Chandra	-	Studies in Temple Architecture			
Ray, Niharranjan	-	Maurya-Sunga Art			
Rowland, Benjamen	-	The Art and Architecture of India			
Shukla, D.N.	-	Vastushastra, Vol. 1 – Hindu Science of Architecture			
SoundaraRajan, K.V.	-	Indian Temple Styles: The Personality of Hindu Architecture.			
Srinivasan, K.R.	-	Temples of South India			
Suson, L. Huntington	-	The Art of Ancient India			



Prof. Rajendra Singh (Rajju Bhaiya) University, Prayagraj

M.A. Semester-IV Course Code: AHC-661 (Elective) <u>Group-C: Social History of India</u> (From Circa 7th Century A.D. to 12th Century A.D.)

MM:100 CREDIT:5

UNIT-I:

Sources, Trends and Approaches

- a) Literary Sources
 - i) Indigenous: religious and secular
 - ii) Foreign accounts
- b) Archaeological sources: inscriptions, numismatic and others

Trends and approaches to study of ancient Indian society Transitional Phase from Ancient to Early Medieval Period:

- a) Transition from ancient to Early Medieval period
- b) Origin of feudal system and its main characteristics

Socio-economic changes during the early medieval period

UNIT-II:

Historical Study of Society (vertical):

Position of Varnashram system:

- a) Position of Brahmanas, Kshatriyas, Vaishyas and Shudras
- b) Sanskara
- c) Purushartha
- d) Family

UNIT-III:

Historical Study of Social Institutions:

- a) Position of untouchables (Antyajas)
- b) Changes in the institution of slavery
- c) Changes in the Institution of Vishti
- d) Position of wage-earners (Karmkar, servants)

UNIT-IV:

Historical Study of position of women:

- a) Position of women in General
- b) Abilities and disabilities
- c) Proprietary right
- d) Right to education and
- e) Place in the family

UNIT-V:

Historical Study of Education:

- a) Centres of learning
 - (i) Nalanda, Vikramshila, Odantpuri
 - (ii) Kashmiri institutions
 - (iii) Mathas and GhatikaVidyalayas
- b) Curriculum, Discipline
- c) Patronage to educational institutions

Books Recommended:

<u>commenacai</u>					
Gopal, L	-	Economic Life in Northern India			
Majumdar, B.P.	-	Socio-Economic History of Northern India (11 th – 12 th Century A.D.)			
Niyogi, Pushpa	-	Contribution to the Economic Life of Northern India			
Rai, G.K.	-	Involuntary Labour in Ancient India			
Sharma, B.N.	-	Social Life in Northern India (C. 600-1000 A.D.)			
Sharma, R.S.	-	Social Changes in Early Medieval India			
	-	- Indian Feudalism			
Upadhyaya, V	-	The Socio-Religious Conditions of Northern India			
Yadava, B.N.S.	-	Society and Culture in Northern India in the Twelfth Century A.D.			

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M.A. Semester-IV Course Code: AHC-662 (Elective)

Group-D: Ancient Indian Religious and Philosophical Thoughts-III

MM:100 CREDIT:5

UNIT-I: Sociological Perspective of Dharma

a) Great traditions andb) Little traditions

UNIT-II: Geographic context of Dharma:

a) Sacred and Profane

UNIT-III: Indian Religious System

a) Later Vedicb) Sangama

UNIT-IV: Buddhism, Jainism and Ajivika

c) Ajivika

UNIT-V: Smarta traditions – Tirtha, Dana, Sraddha

Basham, A.L. (Ed.)	-	A Cultural History of India
Dutta and Chaterjee		An Introduction to Indian philosophy
Gonda, J.		Saivism and Vais <mark>navism</mark>
Jash, P		History of Savism
Kane, P.V.		Histor <mark>y of Dharmasastra,</mark> Volume IV
Michaels, Alex		Hinduism
Pande, G.C.		B <mark>au</mark> dha Dharma Ke <mark>V</mark> ikas Ka Itihas
Radhakrishan, S		In <mark>d</mark> ian Philosophy- 2 vols.
Yadava, Jhinku		Ja <mark>i</mark> n Dh <mark>ar</mark> ma ki <mark>Rooprekha</mark>



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M.A. Semester-IV Course Code: AHC-663 (Elective) Group-A: Historical Archaeology of India

MM:100 CREDIT:5

UNIT-I: Introduction:

General Features of Iron Age/Early Historical Archaeology of India Emergence of Iron in India

UNIT-II: a) Origin and Antiquity of Iron

b) Early Iron Age Cultures: Black and Red Ware Culture

UNIT-III: a) Painted Grey Ware Culture; Sites: Atranjikhera, Ahichhatra, Hastinapur, etc.

b) Northern Black Polished Ware Culture; Sites: Hastinapur, Kaushambi, Jhusi, Pataliputra, Narhan, etc.

UNIT-IV: a) Second Urbanization in the Middle Ganga Plain

b) Indo-Roman Contacts; Arikamedu

UNIT-V: a) Megalithic Culture of Northern Vindhyas; Sites: Magha, Kotia, Kakoria, Khajuri

b) Megalithic Cultures of Vidarbha a<mark>n</mark>d Sout<mark>h</mark> India; Sites: Maski, Khapa, Naikund, Sangankallu,

Nagarjunkonda, Hallur, Takalghat, Mahurjhari

Agrawal, D.P.		Archaeology of India
Allchin, B. and F.R.		The Rise of Civilization in India and Pakistan
Chakrabarti, D.K.	10	India- An Archaeological History – Palaeolithic Beginnings to Early Historical Formations
Dhavalikar, M.K.	A	Historical Archaeology of India
Fairservics, W.A., Jr.	\ \/-	Roots of Ancient India
Ghosh, A. (ed.)	1	Encyclopaedia o <mark>f Indian Arc</mark> haeology, 2 vols
Ghosh, A.		The City in Early Historical India
Misra, V.D. and Pal, J.N. (eds.)		Indian Prehistory: 1980
Pal, J.N.		Archaeology of Southern Uttar Pradesh
Pandey, J.N.		P <mark>ur</mark> atattvaVimarsh
Sankalia, H.D.		Prehistory and Protohistory of India and Pakistan
Sharma, G.R.	-	B <mark>h</mark> artiyaSanskrit <mark>i Ka Purat</mark> attvikAdhar
Tripathi, Vibha	-/	Age of Iron in South Asia
Varma, R.K.		P <mark>u</mark> ratattvaAnusheelan, B <mark>hag I,</mark> II



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M.A. Semester-IV Course Code: AHC-664 (Elective) Group-B: Ancient Indian, Art and Aesthetics-II

MM:100 CREDIT:5

UNIT-I: His	toriography, Approac	thes and Sources
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UNIT-II: Dynastic Art:

a) Chandellab) Rashtrakutac) Orissa

d) Pallavae) Chola

UNIT-III: Hindu Iconography:

a) Vishnub) Shiva

c) Sakta

d) Surya

UNIT-IV: Terracotta Traditions:

a) Indus

b) Mauryan and Sungac) Kushana and Gupta

d) Early Medieval Regional Traditions

UNIT-V: Painting Traditions:

a) Forms and Techniques

b) Prehistoric Paintings

c) Classical Painting Tradition, Ajanta and Bagh

Agrawal, V.S.	4	Indian Art/Bharatiya Kala
Ananad, Mulkraj	-	Hindu View of Art
Bachoffer, L.	-	Early Indian Sculpture, 2 vols.
Banerjee, J.N.	-	De <mark>vel</mark> opment of Hindu iconography
Coomarswamy, A.K.	-	His <mark>to</mark> ry of Indian and Indonesian Art
Gnoli, Raniero	-	The Aesthetic Experience According to Abhinavagupta
Harle, J.C.	-/	The Art and Architecture of Indian subcontinent
Kramrisch, Stella	-	Indian Sculpture
Misra, Indumati	-	Pratima Vigyan
Mishra, R.N.	FI	Murtikala ka Itihasa
Mitter, Partha	1. 1.	Indian Art
Pandey, K.C.	-	Comparative Aesthetics
		Vol. 1 : Indian Aesthetics
		Vol. 2 : Western Aesthetics
Rao, T.A.G.	-	Elements of Hindu iconography, 4 vols.
Shivramamurti, C.	-	South Indian Bronzes
Tomory, Edith	-	A History of Fine Arts in India and the West
Vatsyayan, K.	-	Natya Sastra



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M.A. Semester-IV Course Code: AHC-665 (Elective)

Group-C: Economic History of India

MM:100		(From Circa 7th Century A.D. to 12th Century A.D.)	CREDIT:5				
UNIT-I:	Sources. Trend	rends and Approaches					
O	a)	Literary Sources:					
	,	i) Indigenous: Religious, Dharmashashtra and Secular					
		ii) Foreign Accounts					
	b)	Archaeological sources: Inscriptions and numismatic sources					
	c)	Trends and Approaches to the study of Economic History					
UNIT-II:	Agriculture His	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
	a)	Land ownership and land possession					
	b)	Irrigation system, flood and famine					
	c)	Manuring and knowledge about climate					
	d)	Agricultural implements and animal husbandry					
	e)	Types of labour and their use in agriculture					
UNIT-III:	Trade and Com	nmerce (Internal and External):					
01111 1111	a)	Trade routes – Land and water, indigenous and foreign both					
	b)	Means of transport					
	c)	Centre and entrepots of trade: cities, towns and ports					
	d)	Items of export and import					
	e)	Means of exchange-barter, coins					
UNIT-IV:	Industries and	Corporate Life:					
	a)	Industries: Textile, Metal, Others: Salt, Wine, etc.	0				
	b)	Guilds:	\				
	1 131	i) Trade guilds- definition, organization and function	1				
	1 1	ii) Industrial guilds – definition, organization and function	1				
		iii) Nigam – definition, organization and function					
		iv) Carwan Trade – definition, organization and function					
UNIT-V:	-	enue <mark>System, Settle</mark> ment and D <mark>eb</mark> ts:	1				
	a)	Taxation and Revenue System:	1				
		i) Principle and practice of taxation	1				
		ii) Agr <mark>icultural taxes</mark>	/-				
		iii) Tr <mark>ade taxes</mark>					
		iv) Oppressive features of taxes					
	b)	Settlement					
		i) Features of urban centers and their spatial distribution					
		ii) The problem of de-urbanization					
		iii) settlement of village (their increasing numbers)					
		iv) Self-sufficient villages					
	c)	Debts and Money Lending					
	i) Definition and types of debts						
		ii) Rates of interests					
D1 . D		iii) Implications of lending					
Books Recom	mended:						

Agrawal, V.S.	-	Harsh Charit – Ek Sankritik Addhyayan	
Gopal, L.	-	Economic Life of Northern India	
Majumdar, B.P.	-	Socio-Economic History of Northern India (11 th – 12 th Century A.D.)	
Niyogi, Pushpa	-	Contribution to the Economic Life of Northern India	
Rai, G.K.	-	Involuntary Labour in Ancient India	
Sharma, B.N.	-	Social Life in Northern India (C. 600-1000 A.D.)	
Sharma, R.S.	-	Social Changes in Early Medieval India; Indian Feudalism	
Upadhyaya, V.	-	The Socio-Religious Conditions of Northern India	
Yadava, B.N.S.	-	Society and Culture in Northern India in the Twelfth Century A.D.	



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M.A. Semester-IV Course Code: AHC- 666 (Elective) Group-D: Ancient Indian Religious and Philosophical Thoughts – IV

MM:100 CREDIT:5

UNIT-I Sociological Approach to Dharma, main trends in the study of Indian Religion and

Philosophy

UNIT-II: Ascetic tradition, Bhakti – Alvar and Naynar

UNIT-III: a) Buddhism – Tantric phase and decline

b) Jainism - Schools and Sects

UNIT-IV: Minor cults – Hanumat cult, Yogini cult

UNIT-V: Philosophical thoughts – Yoga, Lokayata

Books Recommended:

Bharati, Agehanand	-	The Tantric Tradition	
Chattopadhyaya, S	-	Evolution of Theistic-Sects in Ancient India	
Dwivedi, Hajari Prasad	-	MadhyakalinDharmSadhana	
Goyal, S.R.	· -	Religious History of India, 2 vols.	
Mitra, R.C.	1	Decline of Buddhism	
Nandi, R.N.	-1	Social Roots of Re <mark>ligion</mark> in Ancient India	
Pandey, L.P.	4	S <mark>un-w</mark> orship in In <mark>dia</mark>	
Pathak, V.S.		Shi <mark>va Cults in Northern India: Smarta Religious Tradition </mark>	
Sharma, C.D.	-	Indian Philosophy	
Sircar, D.C.	-	Saktipithas	
Yaduvanshi	-	Shaivmat	

पवित्रविह है



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M.A. Semester-IV Course Code: AHC- 632 (Core) <u>Project Work</u>

MM: 100 CREDIT: 5

Course objectives:

In this paper, every student will have to submit a detailed project report about 3000 words on alloted topic under the supervision of a faculty member who would act as the Supervisor. The project titled will be allotted with commencement of 3rd semester and project report will be submitted in 4th semester for evaluation. The supervisor will be evaluated the project report. The student will have to contact a faculty member for supervision of his/her project work in 3rd semester. The supervisor will have to guide properly to student to complete his/her project report.

Programme specific outcome:

This section deals with projects and educational excursions. Here students are encouraged to visit Culture Heritage, Museum, Historical and Archaeological Sites. The objective of these programme is to make students not only familiar with cultural heritage on a regional basis, but also to reveal regional cultural and historical facts in a new way. Based on this, project writing has to be prepared; this will develop the skills of writing research papers in students.

Area for the Project Report:

1	Project Report on Archaeological Sites	131
2	Study of Cultural Heritage	E
3	Tour of a Culture Heritage, Historical and Archaeological Site	

वनिहरू

Recommended Books:

- 1. Kimerling, A. Jon, --Map Use Reading Analysis Interpretation, ESRI Press
- 2. Mishra, P.K. –(2018) Tourism in India , New Century Publications
- 3. Roday, Sunetra, Archana Biwal & Vandana Joshi Tourism; Operations and Management Atkinson RJC: (1953)
- 4.थपलियाल, हरिप्रसाद—(1997) भारत की ऐतिहासिक मानचित्रावली, हिन्दी प्रचारक पब्लिकेशन, वाराणसी

Marks Distribution: (MM=100)

(A) Project Report : 80 Marks(B) Presentation: 20 Marks

Evaluation: Internal

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